

1. IDENTIFICATION OF THE MATERIAL AND SUPPLIER

1.1 Product identifier

Product name E10 UNLEADED 94 PETROL

Synonyms 708137-85 - PRODUCT CODE • E10 UNLEADED (708137-85) • E10 UNLEADED KC • E10 UNLEADED – ADDITISED • SPECIAL E10 91 • SPECIAL E10 94 • SPECIAL E10 UNLEADED • UNLEADED E10 (708137-85) • UNLEADED E10 KC

1.2 Uses and uses advised against

Uses AUTOMOTIVE FUEL • FUEL • PETROL

1.3 Details of the supplier of the product

Supplier name TRINITY PETROLEUM

Address 145 Hartley Street, Portsmith, QLD, 4870, AUSTRALIA

Telephone 07 4050 5607

Email operations@trinitypet.com.au

1.4 Emergency telephone numbers

Emergency 0439 466 610 (Transport & Terminalling); 0438 014 925 (EHS)

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

CLASSIFIED AS HAZARDOUS ACCORDING TO SAFE WORK AUSTRALIA CRITERIA

Physical Hazards

Flammable Liquids: Category 1

Health Hazards

Aspiration Hazard: Category 1

Skin Corrosion/Irritation: Category 2

Specific Target Organ Toxicity (Single Exposure): Category 3 (Narcotic Effects)

Germ Cell Mutagenicity: Category 1B

Carcinogenicity: Category 1A

Toxic to Reproduction: Category 1A

Specific Target Organ Toxicity (Repeated Exposure): Category 2

Environmental Hazards

Not classified as an Environmental Hazard

2.2 GHS Label elements

Signal word DANGER

Pictograms



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Hazard statements

| | |
|------|--|
| H224 | Extremely flammable liquid and vapour. |
| H304 | May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. |
| H315 | Causes skin irritation. |
| H336 | May cause drowsiness or dizziness. |
| H340 | May cause genetic defects. |
| H350 | May cause cancer. |
| H360 | May damage fertility or the unborn child. |
| H373 | May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. |

Prevention statements

| | |
|------|--|
| P201 | Obtain special instructions before use. |
| P202 | Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. |
| P210 | Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. |
| P233 | Keep container tightly closed. |
| P240 | Ground and bond container and receiving equipment. |
| P241 | Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting equipment. |
| P242 | Use non-sparking tools. |
| P243 | Take action to prevent static discharges. |
| P260 | Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray. |
| P264 | Wash thoroughly after handling. |
| P271 | Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. |
| P280 | Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection/hearing protection. |

Response statements

| | |
|--------------------|---|
| P301 + P310 | IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTRE or doctor/physician. |
| P303 + P361 + P353 | IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower. |
| P304 + P340 | IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. |
| P308 + P313 | IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/ attention. |
| P321 | Specific treatment is advised - see first aid instructions. |
| P331 | Do NOT induce vomiting. |
| P362 + P364 | Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. |
| P370 + P378 | In case of fire: Use appropriate media to extinguish. |

Storage statements

| | |
|--------------------|---|
| P403 + P233 + P235 | Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool. Keep container tightly closed. |
| P405 | Store locked up. |

Disposal statements

| | |
|------|--|
| P501 | Dispose of contents/container in accordance with relevant regulations. |
|------|--|

2.3 Other hazards

Physical / Chemical Hazards:

Material can accumulate static charges which may cause an ignition. Material can release vapours that readily form flammable mixtures. Vapour accumulation could flash and/or explode if ignited.

Health Hazards:

High-pressure injection under skin may cause serious damage. May be irritating to the eyes, nose, throat, and lungs. Exposure to benzene is associated with cancer (acute myeloid leukaemia and myelodysplastic syndrome), damage to the blood-producing system, and serious blood disorders (see Section 11).

Environmental Hazards:

Expected to be toxic to aquatic organisms. May cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment.

3. COMPOSITION/ INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

3.1 Substances / Mixtures

| Ingredient | CAS Number | EC Number | Content |
|------------------------------|------------|-----------|---------|
| GASOLINE (>0.1% W/W BENZENE) | 86290-81-5 | 289-220-8 | >90% |
| TOLUENE | 108-88-3 | 203-625-9 | <30% |
| ETHANOL | 64-17-5 | 200-578-6 | <10% |
| XYLENE | 1330-20-7 | 215-535-7 | <5% |
| BENZENE | 71-43-2 | 200-753-7 | <1% |

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

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4.1 Description of first aid measures

| | |
|-----------------------------|--|
| Eye | If in eyes, hold eyelids apart and flush continuously with running water. Continue flushing until advised to stop by a Poisons Information Centre, a doctor, or for at least 15 minutes. |
| Inhalation | If inhaled, remove from contaminated area. To protect rescuer, use a Type A (Organic vapour) respirator or an Air-line respirator (in poorly ventilated areas). Apply artificial respiration if not breathing. |
| Skin | If skin or hair contact occurs, remove contaminated clothing and flush skin and hair with running water. Continue flushing with water until advised to stop by a Poisons Information Centre or a doctor. |
| Ingestion | For advice, contact a Poisons Information Centre on 13 11 26 (Australia Wide) or a doctor (at once). If swallowed, do not induce vomiting. |
| First aid facilities | Eye wash facilities and safety shower should be available. |

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

See Section 11 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms.

4.3 Immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Treat symptomatically.

5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

5.1 Extinguishing media

Dry agent, carbon dioxide or foam. Prevent contamination of drains and waterways.

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Highly flammable. May evolve toxic gases (carbon oxides, hydrocarbons) when heated to decomposition. Vapour may form explosive mixtures with air. Eliminate all ignition sources including cigarettes, open flames, spark producing switches/tools, heaters, naked lights, pilot lights, mobile phones, etc when handling. Earth containers if dispensing fluids.

5.3 Advice for firefighters

Evacuate area and contact emergency services. Toxic gases may be evolved in a fire situation. Remain upwind and notify those downwind of hazard. Wear full protective equipment including Self Contained Breathing Apparatus (SCBA) when combating fire. Use waterfog to cool intact containers and nearby storage areas.

5.4 Hazchem code

3YE
3 Normal Foam (protein based foam that is not alcohol resistant).
Y Risk of violent reaction or explosion. Wear full fire kit and breathing apparatus. Contain spill and run-off.
E Evacuation of people in and around the immediate vicinity of the incident should be considered.

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Wear Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) as detailed in section 8 of the SDS. Clear area of all unprotected personnel. Ventilate area where possible. Contact emergency services where appropriate.

6.2 Environmental precautions

Prevent product from entering drains and waterways.

6.3 Methods of cleaning up

Contain spillage, then cover / absorb spill with non-combustible absorbent material (vermiculite, sand, or similar), collect and place in suitable containers for disposal. Eliminate all sources of ignition.

6.4 Reference to other sections

See Sections 8 and 13 for exposure controls and disposal.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Before use carefully read the product label. Use of safe work practices are recommended to avoid eye or skin contact and inhalation. Observe good personal hygiene, including washing hands before eating. Prohibit eating, drinking and smoking in contaminated areas.

PRODUCT NAME E10 UNLEADED 94 PETROL**7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities**

Store in a cool, dry, well ventilated area, preferably flammables store, removed from direct sunlight, incompatible substances, heat or ignition sources and foodstuffs. Ensure containers are adequately labelled, protected from physical damage and sealed when not in use. Large storage areas should have appropriate ventilation and fire protection systems.

7.3 Specific end uses

No information provided.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION**8.1 Control parameters****Exposure standards**

| Ingredient | Reference | TWA | | STEL | |
|------------------------------|----------------|------|-------------------|------|-------------------|
| | | ppm | mg/m ³ | ppm | mg/m ³ |
| Benzene | SWA [AUS] | 1 | 3.2 | -- | -- |
| Benzene | SWA [Proposed] | 0.2 | 0.7 | -- | -- |
| Ethanol | SWA [AUS] | 1000 | 1880 | -- | -- |
| Ethanol (Ethyl alcohol) | SWA [Proposed] | 200 | 380 | 800 | 1500 |
| GASOLINE (>0.1% W/W BENZENE) | SWA [AUS] | -- | 900 | -- | -- |
| Toluene | SWA [AUS] | 50 | 191 | 150 | 574 |
| Toluene | SWA [Proposed] | 20 | 75 | -- | -- |
| Xylene | SWA [AUS] | 80 | 350 | 150 | 655 |

Biological limits

| Ingredient | Reference | Determinant | Sampling Time | BEI |
|------------|-----------|-------------------------------------|---------------------------------|---------------------|
| BENZENE | ACGIH BEI | S-Phenylmercapturic acid in urine | End of shift | 25 µg/g creatinine |
| | ACGIH BEI | t,t-Muconic acid in urine | End of shift | 500 µg/g creatine |
| TOLUENE | ACGIH BEI | o-Cresol in urine (with hydrolysis) | End of shift | 0.3 mg/g creatinine |
| | ACGIH BEI | Toluene in urine | End of shift | 0.03 mg/L |
| | ACGIH BEI | Toluene in blood | Prior to last shift of workweek | 0.02 mg/L |
| XYLENE | ACGIH BEI | Methylhippuric acids in urine | End of shift | 1.5 g/g creatinine |

8.2 Exposure controls

Engineering controls Avoid inhalation. Use in well ventilated areas. Where an inhalation risk exists, mechanical explosion proof extraction ventilation is recommended. Flammable/explosive vapours may accumulate in poorly ventilated areas. Vapours are heavier than air and may travel some distance to an ignition source and flash back. Maintain vapour levels below the recommended exposure standard.

PPE

Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) is not normally required when occasionally handling in small quantities (ie. when handling dispensed).

Eye / Face When using large quantities or where heavy contamination is likely, wear splash-proof goggles.

Hands When using large quantities or where heavy contamination is likely, wear PVA or Viton® gloves.

Body When using large quantities or where heavy contamination is likely, wear coveralls.

Respiratory Where an inhalation risk exists, wear a Type A (Organic vapour) respirator. Where the boiling point is < 65°C, use an AX filter type.

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES**9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties**

| | |
|---------------------|--|
| Appearance | CLEAR OFF WHITE, STRAW COLOURED, PALE YELLOW, YELLOW OR RED LIQUID |
| Odour | PETROLEUM/SOLVENT/HYDROCARBON ODOUR |
| Flammability | EXTREMELY FLAMMABLE |
| Flash point | < -45°C |

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9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

| | |
|---------------------------|----------------------------|
| Boiling point | 30°C to 230°C |
| Melting point | NOT AVAILABLE |
| Evaporation rate | > 10 (n-Butyl acetate = 1) |
| pH | NOT AVAILABLE |
| Vapour density | > 1 (Air = 1) |
| Relative density | 0.735 |
| Solubility (water) | SLIGHTLY SOLUBLE |
| Vapour pressure | 30 kPa to 100 kPa @ 20°C |
| Upper explosion limit | 8.0 % |
| Lower explosion limit | 1.0 % |
| Partition coefficient | NOT AVAILABLE |
| Autoignition temperature | 280°C |
| Decomposition temperature | NOT AVAILABLE |
| Viscosity | < 1 cSt @ 40°C |
| Explosive properties | NOT AVAILABLE |
| Oxidising properties | NOT AVAILABLE |
| Odour threshold | NOT AVAILABLE |

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

10.1 Reactivity

Carefully review all information provided in sections 10.2 to 10.6.

10.2 Chemical stability

Stable under recommended conditions of storage.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

Polymerization will not occur.

10.4 Conditions to avoid

Avoid heat, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources.

10.5 Incompatible materials

Incompatible with oxidising agents (e.g. hypochlorites), acids (e.g. nitric acid), heat and ignition sources. Incompatible with halogenated compounds and alkalis (e.g. sodium hydroxide).

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

May evolve toxic gases (carbon oxides, hydrocarbons) when heated to decomposition.

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. Ingestion may result in nausea, vomiting and gastrointestinal irritation.

Information available for the ingredients:

| Ingredient | Oral LD50 | Dermal LD50 | Inhalation LC50 |
|------------------------------|----------------------------|-----------------------------------|---------------------------|
| GASOLINE (>0.1% W/W BENZENE) | 60 mL/kg (mouse) | -- | -- |
| TOLUENE | 5580 mg/kg (rat) | 5000 mg/kg (rabbit) | 25.7 - 30 mg/L/4hrs (rat) |
| ETHANOL | 3450 mg/kg (mouse) | -- | 20000 ppm/10 hours (rat) |
| XYLENE | > 2000 mg/kg (rat) (AICIS) | > 1700 mg/kg (rabbit) | 20 mg/L/4h (rat) (AICIS) |
| BENZENE | 930 mg/kg (rat) | > 9400 mg/kg (rabbit, guinea pig) | 9980 ppm/7hrs (mouse) |

Skin Contact may result in drying and defatting of the skin, rash and dermatitis.

Eye Contact may result in irritation, lacrimation, pain and redness.

Sensitisation Not classified as causing skin or respiratory sensitisation.

Mutagenicity May cause genetic defects. Several studies have demonstrated induction of both numerical and structural chromosomal aberrations, sister chromatid exchanges and micronuclei in experimental animals and humans

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| | |
|---------------------------------|--|
| | after in vivo benzene exposure. |
| Carcinogenicity | May cause cancer. Benzene is classified as carcinogenic to humans (IARC Group 1). This product may contain polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbons (PAHs), some of which are classified as probably carcinogenic to humans (IARC Group 2A). |
| Reproductive | May damage fertility or the unborn child. |
| STOT - single exposure | Over exposure may result in irritation of the nose and throat with coughing, as well as central nervous system (CNS) effects including headache, drowsiness and dizziness. |
| STOT - repeated exposure | Repeated exposure to some solvents have been reported to cause adverse effects to the central nervous system (CNS), liver and kidney. |
| Aspiration | Aspiration into the lungs may result in chemical pneumonitis and pulmonary oedema. |

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

12.1 Toxicity

Expected to be toxic to aquatic organisms. Films formed on water may affect oxygen transfer and damage organisms.

12.2 Persistence and degradability

Major components are expected to be inherently biodegradable. Persists under anaerobic conditions. The volatile components oxidise rapidly by photochemical reactions in air. May contain components with the potential to bioaccumulate.

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Has the potential to bioaccumulate, however metabolism or physical properties may reduce the bioconcentration or limit bioavailability.

12.4 Mobility in soil

Floats on water. Contains volatile components. Evaporates within a day from water or soil surfaces. Large volumes may penetrate soil and could contaminate groundwater.

12.5 Other adverse effects

Ensure appropriate measures are taken to prevent this product from entering the environment.

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

13.1 Waste treatment methods

Waste disposal Dispose of by controlled incineration, by licensed or competent personnel. Contact the manufacturer/supplier for additional information (if required). Prevent contamination of drains and waterways as aquatic life may be threatened and environmental damage may result. Empty Container Warning (where applicable): Empty containers may contain residue and can be dangerous. Do not attempt to refill or clean containers without proper instructions. Empty drums should be completely drained and safely stored until appropriately reconditioned or disposed. Empty containers should be taken for recycling, recovery, or disposal through suitably qualified or licensed contractor and in accordance with governmental regulations. DO NOT PRESSURISE, CUT, WELD, BRAZE, SOLDER, DRILL, GRIND, OR EXPOSE SUCH CONTAINERS TO HEAT, FLAME, SPARKS, STATIC ELECTRICITY, OR OTHER SOURCES OF IGNITION. THEY MAY EXPLODE AND CAUSE INJURY OR DEATH.

Legislation Dispose of in accordance with relevant local legislation.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

CLASSIFIED AS A DANGEROUS GOOD BY THE CRITERIA OF THE ADG CODE



PRODUCT NAME E10 UNLEADED 94 PETROL

| | LAND TRANSPORT (ADG) | SEA TRANSPORT (IMDG / IMO) | AIR TRANSPORT (IATA / ICAO) |
|-----------------------------|----------------------|----------------------------|-----------------------------|
| 14.1 UN Number | 1203 | 1203 | 1203 |
| 14.2 Proper Shipping Name | PETROL | PETROL | PETROL |
| 14.3 Transport hazard class | 3 | 3 | 3 |
| 14.4 Packing Group | I | I | I |

14.5 Environmental hazards

Marine Pollutant.

14.6 Special precautions for user

| | |
|---------------------|--|
| | Special Provisions: Emergency Response Guide No. 14. |
| Hazchem code | 3YE |
| GTEPG | 3A1 |
| Specific EPG | 3.1.001 |
| EmS | F-E, S-E |

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION**15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture**

| | |
|---------------------------|--|
| Poison schedule | Classified as a Schedule 5 (S5) Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons (SUSMP). |
| Classifications | Safe Work Australia criteria is based on the Globally Harmonised System (GHS) of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals (GHS Revision 7). |
| Inventory listings | AUSTRALIA: AIC (Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals) All components are listed on AIC, or are exempt. |

16. OTHER INFORMATION

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| Additional information | <p>MOBILE PHONES - FLAMMABILITY RISK: Mobile phones have the potential to ignite flammable vapours when refuelling at a service station. Although the risk is low, ignition of flammable vapours could occur from sparking when a switch or keypad is operated or during accidental or deliberate removal of batteries. SOLUTION: Switch off your phone before entering the service station. If you are expecting a call and the phone rings, stop dispensing petrol and move away (at least 4 metres) to answer the call.</p> <p>EXPOSURE STANDARDS - TIME WEIGHTED AVERAGE (TWA) or WES (WORKPLACE EXPOSURE STANDARD) (NZ): Exposure standards are established on the premise of an 8 hour work period of normal intensity, under normal climatic conditions and where a 16 hour break between shifts exists to enable the body to eliminate absorbed contaminants. In the following circumstances, exposure standards must be reduced: Strenuous work conditions; hot, humid climates; high altitude conditions; extended shifts (which increase the exposure period and shorten the period of recuperation).</p> <p>PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT GUIDELINES: The recommendation for protective equipment contained within this report is provided as a guide only. Factors such as form of product, method of application, working environment, quantity used, product concentration and the availability of engineering controls should be considered before final selection of personal protective equipment is made.</p> <p>HEALTH EFFECTS FROM EXPOSURE: It should be noted that the effects from exposure to this product will depend on several factors including: form of product; frequency and duration of use; quantity used; effectiveness of control measures; protective equipment used and method of application. Given that it is impractical to prepare a report which would encompass all possible scenarios, it is anticipated that users will assess the risks and apply control methods where appropriate.</p> |
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PRODUCT NAME E10 UNLEADED 94 PETROL**Abbreviations**

| | |
|-------------------|---|
| ACGIH | American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists |
| CAS # | Chemical Abstract Service number - used to uniquely identify chemical compounds |
| CNS | Central Nervous System |
| EC No. | EC No - European Community Number |
| EMS | Emergency Schedules (Emergency Procedures for Ships Carrying Dangerous Goods) |
| GHS | Globally Harmonized System |
| GTEPG | Group Text Emergency Procedure Guide |
| IARC | International Agency for Research on Cancer |
| LC50 | Lethal Concentration, 50% / Median Lethal Concentration |
| LD50 | Lethal Dose, 50% / Median Lethal Dose |
| mg/m ³ | Milligrams per Cubic Metre |
| OEL | Occupational Exposure Limit |
| pH | relates to hydrogen ion concentration using a scale of 0 (high acidic) to 14 (highly alkaline). |
| ppm | Parts Per Million |
| STEL | Short-Term Exposure Limit |
| STOT-RE | Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure) |
| STOT-SE | Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure) |
| SUSMP | Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons |
| SWA | Safe Work Australia |
| TLV | Threshold Limit Value |
| TWA | Time Weighted Average |

Report status

This document has been compiled by RMT on behalf of the manufacturer, importer or supplier of the product and serves as their Safety Data Sheet ('SDS').

It is based on information concerning the product which has been provided to RMT by the manufacturer, importer or supplier or obtained from third party sources and is believed to represent the current state of knowledge as to the appropriate safety and handling precautions for the product at the time of issue. Further clarification regarding any aspect of the product should be obtained directly from the manufacturer, importer or supplier.

While RMT has taken all due care to include accurate and up-to-date information in this SDS, it does not provide any warranty as to accuracy or completeness. As far as lawfully possible, RMT accepts no liability for any loss, injury or damage (including consequential loss) which may be suffered or incurred by any person as a consequence of their reliance on the information contained in this SDS.

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